

SOUTHERN NEW ENGLAND STUMPAGE PRICE SURVEY RESULTS
FIRST QUARTER— 2009

The table below summarizes reported prices paid for standing timber during the **FIRST quarter of 2009 (JANUARY - MARCH)**. Prices for sawtimber are in \$ per thousand board feet (International ¼-inch scale). Pulpwood and fuelwood are reported in \$ per cord, biomass in \$ per ton. The **Range** shows the high and low prices reported. Half of the prices reported are below the **Median**; half are above. Reporting is voluntary, and this is not a complete record of sale activity in the southern New England region. A **total of 39 timber sales were reported for the FIRST quarter of 2009**. Sale characteristics (in percent):

<u>Size</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Reported by</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Buyer/seller</u>	<u>%</u>
< 50 Mbf	41	Lump sum	51	Consulting foresters	18	Buyer	67
51-100 Mbf	36	Mill-tally	39	Public lands foresters	5	Seller	33
>100 Mbf	21	No data	10	Industrial foresters	8	No data	-
No data	3			Loggers	41		
				Sawmills	15		
				Utility foresters	-		
				No data	13		

SPECIES	EAST OF CT RIVER			WEST OF CT RIVER		
	no. of reports	median	Range	no. of reports	median	range
Red oak	16	100	60 - 300	7	150	100 - 400
White oak	13	50	30 - 100	2	48	25 - 70
Other oaks	10	80	40 - 200	1	25	-
Ash	5	20	20 - 25	11	55	50 - 150
Cherry	6	60	59 - 200	9	350	120 - 500
Sugar maple	6	60	60 - 150	9	300	130 - 400
Red maple	11	25	0 - 50	11	50	20 - 125
Tulip poplar	0	-	-	1	5	-
Yellow birch	4	20	-	9	100	40 - 200
Black birch	8	30	20 - 50	5	60	40 - 100
Paper birch	4	20	-	9	50	5 - 50
Beech	0	-	-	4	20	5 - 30
Pallet hdwd	7	20	20 - 50	11	20	5 - 30
Other hdwd	0	-	-	1	5	-
White pine	16	70	35 - 130	9	45	30 - 60
Red pine	5	10	10 - 70	2	28	5 - 51
Hemlock	5	10	10 - 25	9	20	10 - 35
Spruce	0	-	-	2	15	5 - 25
Other sftwd	2	20	-	1	5	-
Poles, hardwd (\$/lin.ft)	0	-	-	0	-	-
Poles, sftwd (\$/lin.ft)	0	-	-	0	-	-
Fuel wood (\$/cd)	19	10	0 - 20	7	5	5 - 10
Pulpwood (\$/cd)	3	0	0 - 1	2	1	0 - 1
Biomass (\$/ton)	1	0	-	1	1	-

This information is meant to be used as a **guide only. Use with care**. Prices paid for standing timber can be influenced by many factors, including but not limited to: timber quality, distance to market, accessibility of property, sale volume, market demand, season, skid distance, terrain, landowner requirements, method of sale (e.g., competitively bid, or directly negotiated), and logging costs.

This survey is a result of joint efforts of Cooperative Extension at the Universities of Massachusetts and Connecticut, and the state forestry agency in RI.

See: <http://masswoods.net/index.php/stumpage> for more results